



Conquesta 2019

(International Multiple Choice Primary School Olympiads – Est. 1998)
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History (Social Sciences) – Grade 9

Welcome to your Conquesta Olympiad. When you have decided which of the answers is correct, scratch out the letter in the matching square on your answer sheet. Example:- If the answer to question 4 is c, then scratch out the letter c in the square containing c next to the number 4 (see example 1 below). If you've made a mistake and b should have been the answer, neatly cross out the mistake and then scratch out b (see example 2 below).

Example 1:-

4.	a	b	c	d
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Example 2:-

4.	a	b	c	d
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1. When did World War 1 come to an official end?

- (a) 9th November 1918. (b) 11th November 1918.
- (c) 11th November 1919. (d) 12th November 1919.

2. Which of the following was not a term of the Treaty of Versailles?

- (a) Germany was allowed no air force.
- (b) Germany had to sign the War Guilt Clause.
- (c) Germany had to pay reparations for war damage.
- (d) Germany was only allowed six submarines in her navy.



3. When Hitler was in his teens, what did he dream to be when he grew up?

- (a) An artist. (b) A builder.
- (c) A soldier. (d) A politician.

4. Which political party did Hitler join in September 1919?

- (a) The German Workers Party.
- (b) The Social Democratic Party.
- (c) The Communist Party.
- (d) The National Socialist German Workers Party.



5. Which of Hitler's promises would have appealed to the majority of the German people?

- (a) Abolish the Treaty of Versailles. (b) Lebensraum (living space).
- (c) Overthrow the Weimar government. (d) Destroy communism.

6. Why was the Weimar government blamed for the hyperinflation of 1923?

- (a) They did nothing about the invasion of the Ruhr by the French.
- (b) They had signed the War Guilt Clause.
- (c) They printed more paper money, which had no gold reserve to back it.
- (d) They spent all Germany's money on reparations.

7. Why did the 1923 Munich Putsch fail?

- (a) Hitler was not adequately prepared.
- (b) The politicians did not support him as he had expected.
- (c) The government officials he had trapped in the Reichstag managed to escape.
- (d) The Nazis ran out of ammunition.



8. Why did the Great Depression lead to more people supporting Hitler?

- (a) He was the only other option to the Weimar government.
- (b) The Nazis intimidated people into voting for him.
- (c) He promised to solve all their problems and save them from a desperate situation.
- (d) He worked with the government to find ways to help the people.

9. Which event enabled Hitler to discredit the Communists, his main opponents, before the 1933 election?

- (a) The Reichstag Fire. (b) The death of Hindenburg.
- (c) Kristallnacht. (d) The Night of the Long Knives.

10. Which act gave Hitler dictatorial powers in Germany?

- (a) The Nuremberg Laws. (b) The Enabling Act.
- (c) The Dawes Plan. (d) The Suppression of Communism Act.

